

KANSAS

2020 Census Snapshot

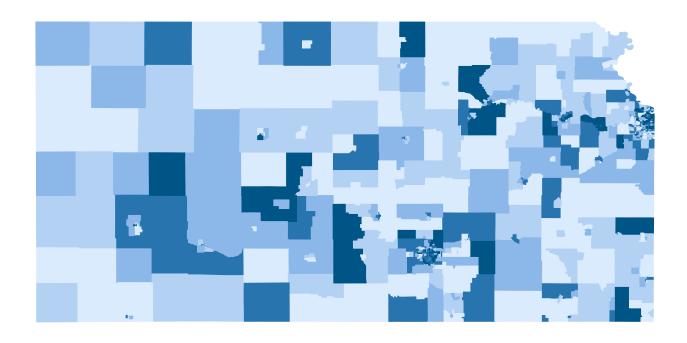
Total same-sex couples 7,412

SS couples per 1K households

6.44

% of SS couples who are married 52.4%

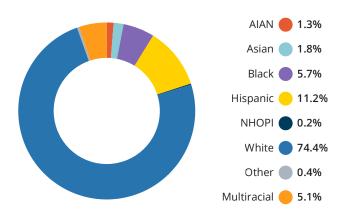
Population density of same-sex couples in Kansas by Census tract



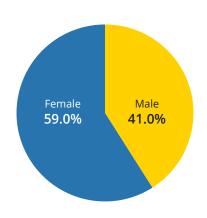
SS couples per 1K households

DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

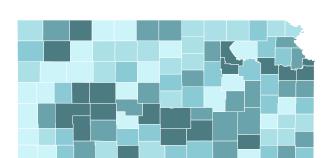
Race/ethnicity of same-sex couples (householder)



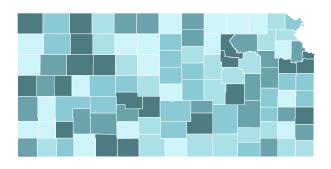
Gender of same-sex couples



Female SS couples per 1K households by county



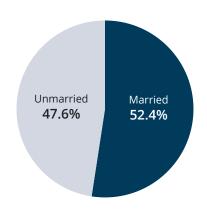
Male SS couples per 1K households by county



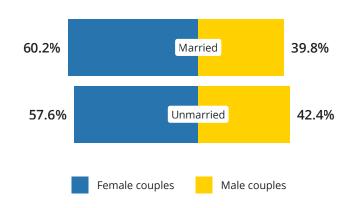
0.0 - 0.7 0.8 - 1.2 1.3 - 1.8 1.9 - 2.6 2.7 - 5.7

FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS

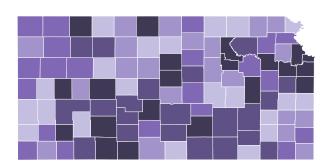
Marital status of same-sex couples



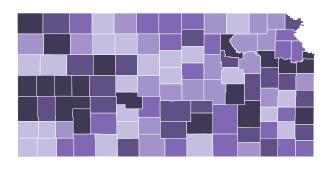
Gender of same-sex couples by marital status



Married SS couples per 1K households by county

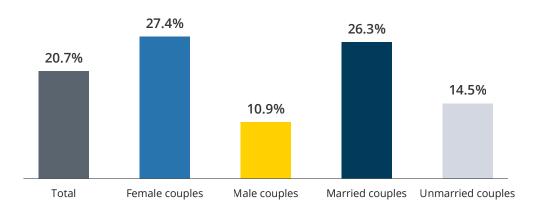


Unmarried SS couples per 1K households by county

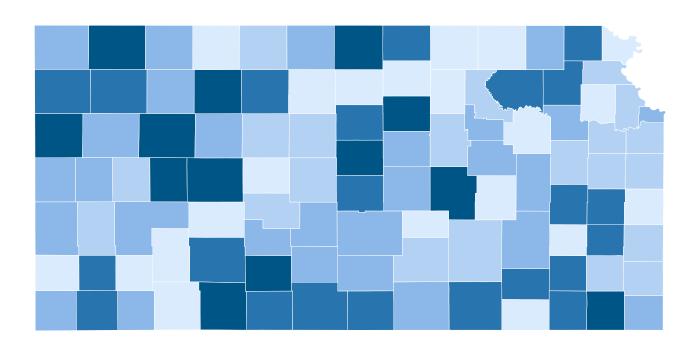


3.2 - 8.2

Percent of same-sex couples raising own children



Percent of SS couples raising own children by county



0% - 14% 15% - 23% 34% - 50% 24% - 33% 51% - 100%

TABLES

Counties with 50+ same-sex couples ranked by SS per 1K households

STATE RANK	US RANK	COUNTY	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH	SS FEMALE COUPLES	SS MALE COUPLES	% RAISING OWN CHILDREN
1	101	Douglas County	562	11.57	332	230	16%
2	362	Sedgwick County	1,679	8.18	991	688	16%
3	376	Wyandotte County	498	8.05	292	206	24%
4	394	Riley County	213	7.97	134	79	19%
5	424	Geary County	105	7.78	68	37	30%
6	468	Johnson County	1,817	7.59	957	860	16%
7	536	Shawnee County	532	7.24	340	192	25%
8	873	Finney County	78	5.97	57	21	33%
9	946	Lyon County	76	5.77	43	33	24%
10	1,010	Ford County	64	5.63	34	30	39%
11	1,113	Reno County	134	5.32	96	38	28%
12	1,170	Leavenworth County	148	5.12	88	60	19%
13	1,205	Montgomery County	65	5.01	34	31	42%
14	1,265	Crawford County	76	4.85	48	28	21%
15	1,279	Harvey County	64	4.79	37	27	11%
16	1,310	Miami County	61	4.72	41	20	18%
17	1,323	Saline County	104	4.67	66	38	28%
18	1,407	Cowley County	58	4.35	44	14	40%
19	1,415	Butler County	106	4.30	66	40	23%

Counties with <50 same-sex couples

COUNTY	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH	SS FEMALE COUPLES	SS MALE COUPLES	% RAISING OWN CHILDREN
Franklin County	49	4.79	34	15	20%
Ellis County	43	3.63	31	12	19%
Barton County	40	3.76	32	8	22%
McPherson County	39	3.28	24	15	33%
Labette County	33	4.01	23	10	61%
Pottawatomie County	32	3.54	9	23	41%
Bourbon County	29	5.12	10	19	17%
Seward County	29	3.94	16	13	31%
Sumner County	29	3.21	21	8	28%
Osage County	28	4.32	16	12	21%
Cherokee County	27	3.44	20	7	33%
Dickinson County	24	3.14	16	8	21%
Jefferson County	24	3.33	19	5	4%
Atchison County	23	3.76	18	5	17%

COUNTY	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH	SS FEMALE COUPLES	SS MALE COUPLES	% RAISING OWN CHILDREN
Allen County	17	3.22	7	10	35%
Jackson County	17	3.38	11	6	35%
Kingman County	17	5.39	12	5	29%
Thomas County	17	5.38	12	5	35%
Greenwood County	16	5.95	10	6	31%
Gray County	15	7.17	11	4	0%
Neosho County	15	2.38	12	3	20%
Pawnee County	15	6.11	8	7	20%
Cloud County	14	3.82	7	7	14%
Linn County	14	3.52	8	6	7%
Coffey County	13	3.74	8	5	38%
Scott County	13	6.46	4	9	23%
Stafford County	13	7.48	8	5	31%
Pratt County	12	3.26	9	3	33%
Brown County	11	2.86	7	4	45%
Clay County	11	3.25	9	2	9%
Decatur County	11	8.49	6	5	27%
Doniphan County	9	3.06	5	4	11%
Ellsworth County	9	3.83	5	4	67%
Marion County	9	1.88	4	5	56%
Nemaha County	9	2.23	9	0	33%
Rice County	9	2.40	7	2	44%
Wilson County	9	2.48	5	4	44%
Republic County	8	3.75	3	5	38%
Smith County	8	4.92	5	3	25%
Wabaunsee County	8	3.01	6	2	12%
Chase County	7	6.63	4	3	0%
Comanche County	7	9.37	3	4	43%
Haskell County	7	5.20	3	4	14%
Lane County	7	9.51	7	0	71%
Marshall County	7	1.67	6	1	0%
Meade County	7	4.42	6	1	14%
Ness County	7	5.76	5	2	71%
Trego County	7	5.46	2	5	29%
Cheyenne County	6	5.08	2	4	33%
Elk County	6	5.48	5	1	50%
Grant County	6	2.29	5	1	50%
Ottawa County	6	2.59	4	2	67%
Phillips County	6	2.73	2	4	17%
Sherman County	6	2.45	5	1	50%
Barber County	5	2.61	3	2	40%

COUNTY	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH	SS FEMALE COUPLES	SS MALE COUPLES	% RAISING OWN CHILDREN
Gove County	5	4.46	1	4	60%
Harper County	5	2.13	5	0	40%
Jewell County	5	3.71	4	1	60%
Kearny County	5	3.50	4	1	20%
Mitchell County	5	1.97	1	4	0%
Rawlins County	5	4.43	3	2	60%
Russell County	5	1.69	3	2	20%
Anderson County	4	1.29	2	2	50%
Clark County	4	4.78	1	3	75%
Edwards County	4	3.18	1	3	25%
Hodgeman County	4	5.52	3	1	0%
Lincoln County	4	3.10	2	2	50%
Morris County	4	1.74	2	2	25%
Rooks County	4	1.90	4	0	50%
Sheridan County	4	3.92	1	3	25%
Stevens County	4	2.10	2	2	50%
Washington County	4	1.73	3	1	0%
Chautauqua County	3	2.14	1	2	0%
Graham County	3	2.72	2	1	100%
Greeley County	3	5.65	0	3	33%
Hamilton County	3	3.22	1	2	33%
Logan County	3	2.54	0	3	33%
Morton County	3	2.85	1	2	33%
Wichita County	3	3.55	1	2	33%
Kiowa County	2	2.07	2	0	100%
Norton County	2	1.00	0	2	0%
Osborne County	2	1.28	2	0	0%
Rush County	2	1.51	0	2	0%
Woodson County	2	1.48	0	2	0%
Wallace County	1	1.64	1	0	100%
Stanton County	0	0.00	0	0	0%

Cities with 50+ same-sex couples ranked by SS per 1K households

STATE RANK	US RANK	СІТҮ	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH
1	406	Mission	71	13.41
2	489	Lawrence	497	12.52
3	624	Merriam	59	11.64
4	1,301	Wichita	1,412	8.89
5	1,392	Lenexa	206	8.61
6	1,610	Kansas City	458	8.02

STATE RANK	US RANK	CITY	SAME-SEX COUPLES	SS COUPLES PER 1K HH
7	1,628	Manhattan	171	7.99
8	1,688	Topeka	422	7.82
9	1,724	Gardner	62	7.75
10	1,745	Leawood	98	7.69
11	1,789	Junction City	69	7.58
12	1,794	Prairie Village	75	7.57
13	1,989	Shawnee	182	7.10
14	2,017	Overland Park	572	7.01
15	2,092	Pittsburg	56	6.77
16	2,112	Olathe	337	6.73
17	2,227	Garden City	62	6.41
18	2,233	Emporia	63	6.38
19	2,270	Hutchinson	103	6.23
20	2,348	Leavenworth	78	5.93
21	2,552	Salina	88	4.56

METHODOLOGY

Data was compiled using the US Census Bureau's state, county, city, and Census tract counts for same-sex couples found here. In this analysis, the authors combined incorporated places, independent cities, and consolidated cities to create the "city" category. Geographies listed as "independent cities" (such as Richmond City, VA) are included in both the "county" and "city" designation in this analysis. "Independent cities" are cities that are outside the jurisdiction of any county and are recognized as "county equivalents" by the U.S. Census Bureau. They are assigned a Federal Information Processing Series (FIPS) code. Despite their equivalence to counties, they are also still recognized as cities (as they often have comparable populations to cities of similar geographic size). Independent cities are only located in Virginia, Maryland, Nevada, and Missouri.

The householder is the person, or one of the people, who primarily own or rent the house. Same-sex couples are identified in households where householder describes their relationship with another adult of the same sex as either a "husband/wife" or "unmarried partner". In addition, we utilized the 2020 Census Privacy Protected Microdata Files (PPMF) to identify the race/ethnicity of the householder and the presence of the householder's own child/children.

Disclosure Avoidance Processes

In order to preserve the privacy of individuals in the PPMF data, 2020 Census utilized a differential privacy approach to inject noise into the data at smaller demographics and geographies, then conducted postprocessing steps to ensure that the noised data matched data in the public use tables. This top-down algorithm preserves data reliability at larger universe sizes while maintaining trust in data privacy. Due to the disclosure avoidance process, use caution when interpreting findings from smaller geographies or populations.

We include all values at the national, state, county, city, and Census tract levels. When ranking counties and cities by the number of same sex couples per 1,000 households, the authors only ranked counties with 50 or more same-sex couples. Cities with fewer than 50 same-sex couples were not listed. For our full methodology note, see here.

AUTHORS

Jody L. Herman, Ph.D., is the Reid Rasmussen Senior Scholar of Public Policy at the Williams Institute.

Raksha Kopparam is a Research Data Analyst at the Williams Institute.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors thank Kris Bicknell and Rachel Dowd for design and production of the 2020 Census Snapshots and the data interactive. The authors thank Lindsay Mahowald for data production and Neko Castleberry, Kim Chatham, and Nicholas Levie for thorough reviews. Finally, the authors thank Gary J. Gates, whose groundbreaking work with the Decennial Census serves as the foundation for this series of reports.

ABOUT THE WILLIAMS INSTITUTE

The Williams Institute is dedicated to conducting rigorous, independent research on sexual orientation and gender identity law and public policy. A think tank at UCLA Law, the Williams Institute produces high-quality research with real-world relevance and disseminates it to judges, legislators, policymakers, media, and the public. These studies can be accessed at the Williams Institute website.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

The Williams Institute, UCLA School of Law (310) 267-4382 williamsinstitute@law.ucla.edu williamsinstitute.law.ucla.edu

